



NBS Training: Phoenix Patient Entry

**Student Guide** 

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New Patient Request Entry: Course Overview
Chapter 1

# New Patient Request Entry: Course Overview



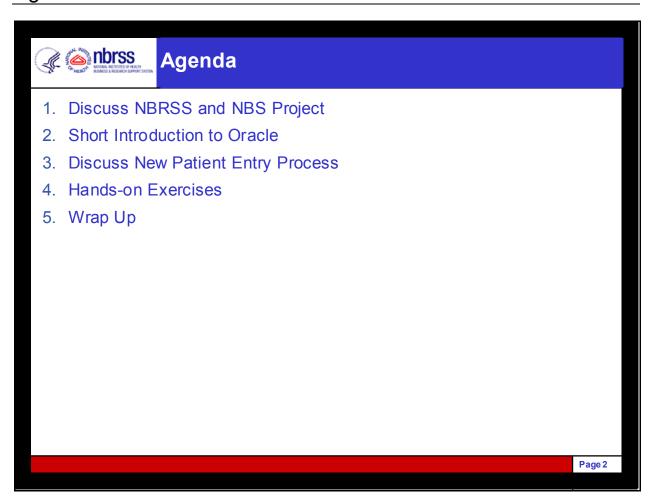
# **Course Objectives**



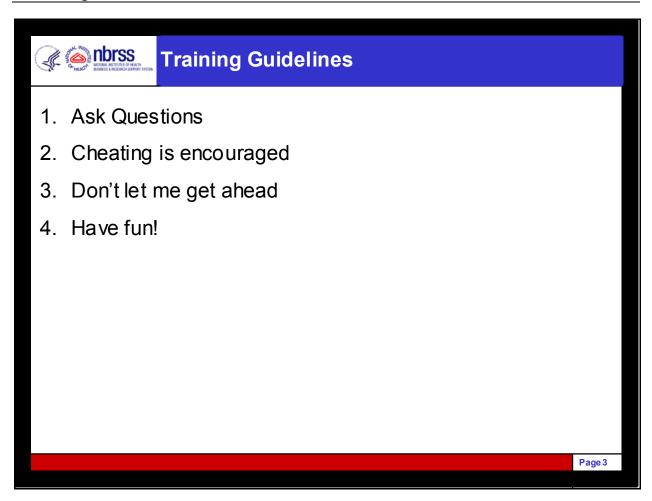
# **Course Objectives**

- Overview of the NBRSS and NBS
- Oracle Basics
- New Patient Request Processes
- Important Dates and Activities

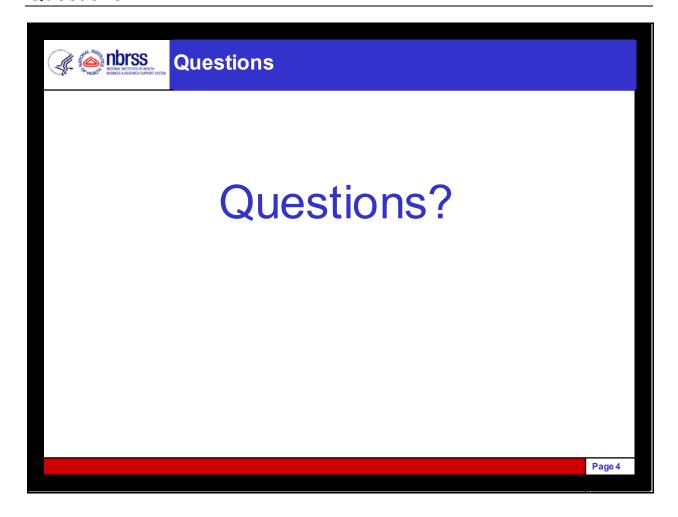
# Agenda



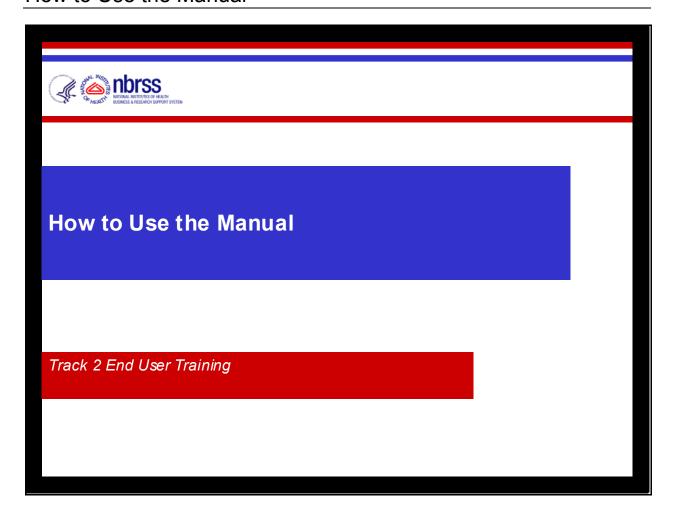
# **Training Guidelines**

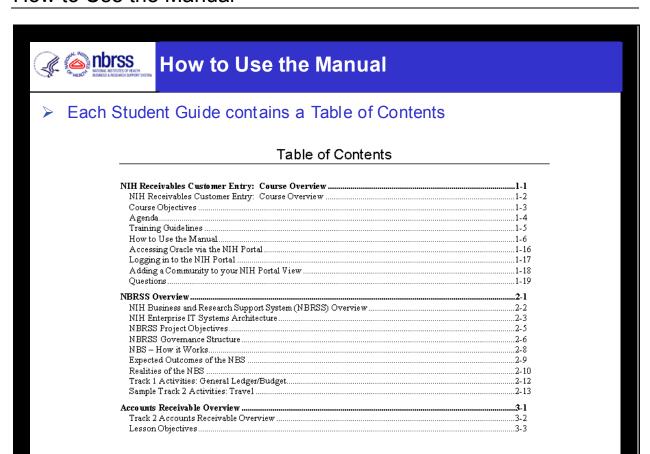


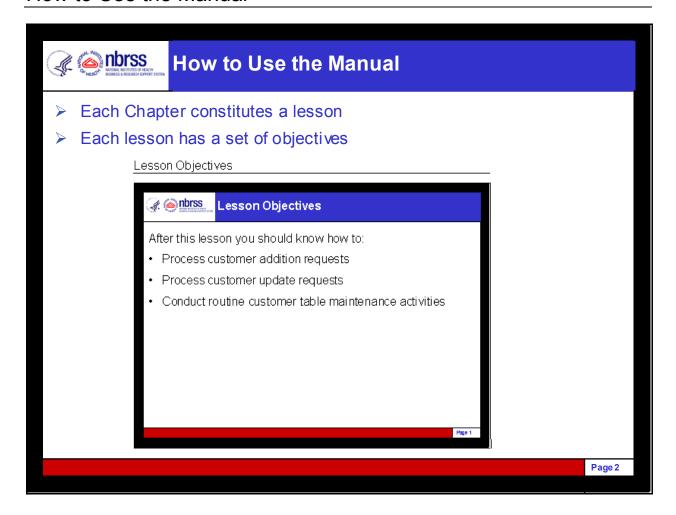
# Questions

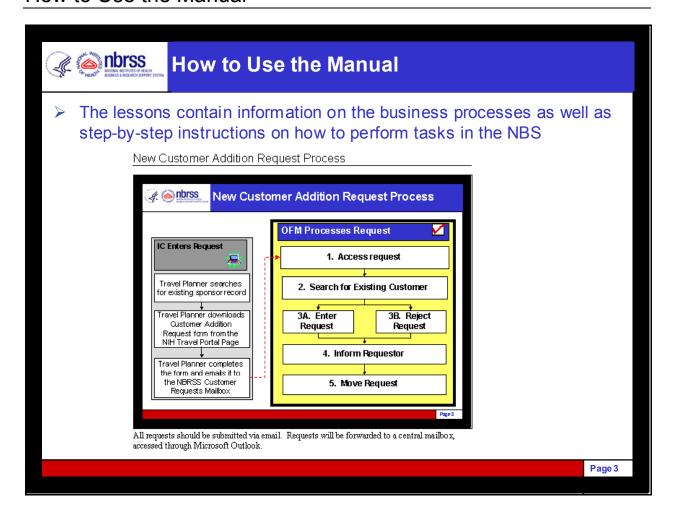


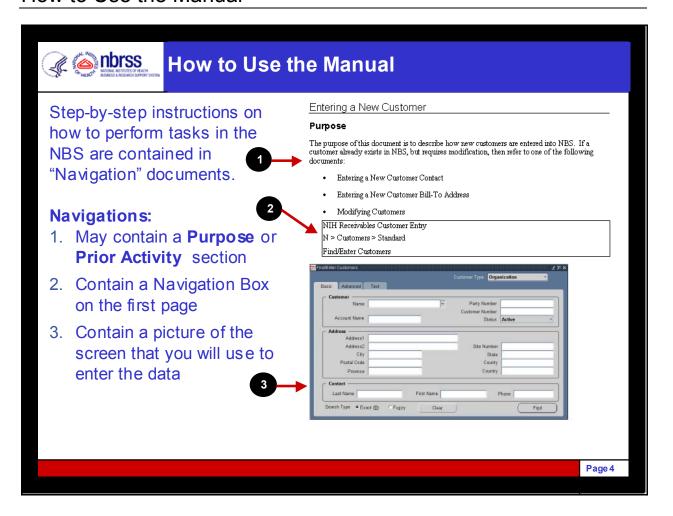
How to Use the Manual
Chapter 2

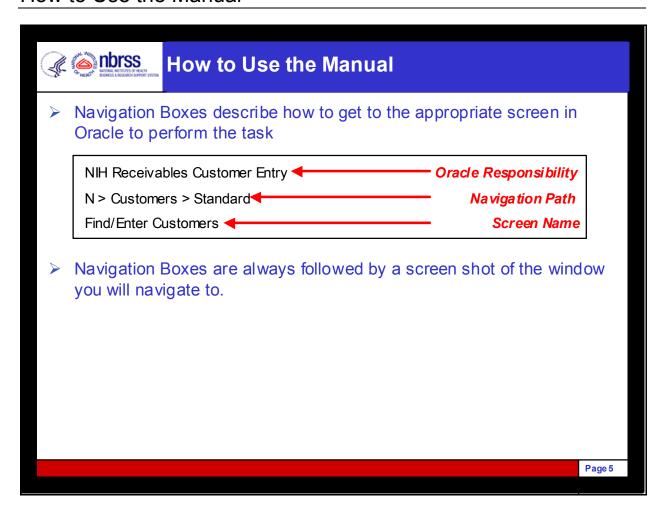


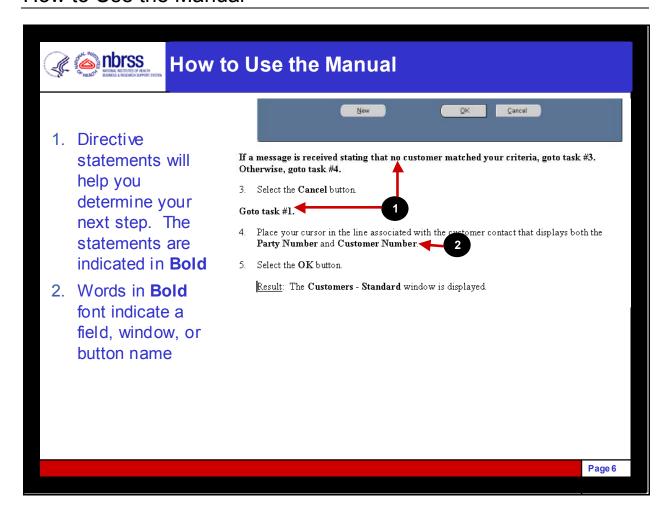














### **How to Use the Manual**

The shaded fields indicate that the entry is optional or that you should accept the default values

- 7. Enter the city name in the Site Name field.
- 8. Enter the following address information.

Field	Description
Country	Select the appropriate country from the LOV.
Address	Enter the address line information
City	Enter the city name
State	Enter the state
Postal Code	Enter the Postal Code
Province	Enter the province abbreviation
County	Enter the county name

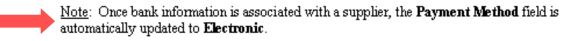
Example: The following is a sample completed Supplier Sites window.

If a field is not referenced, you should not change the default value.

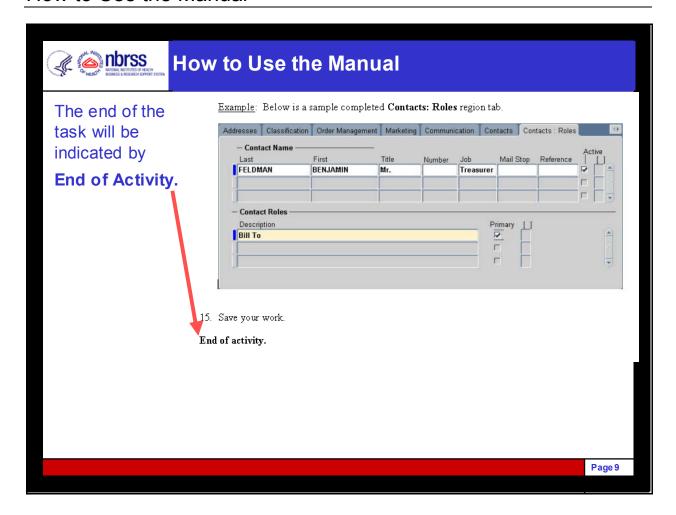


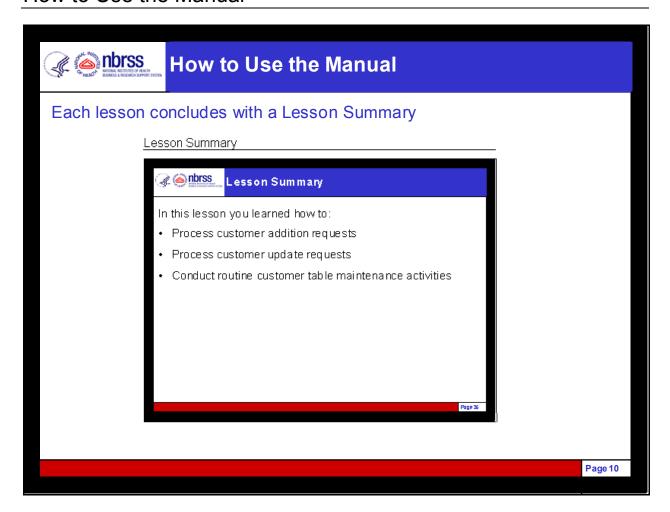
**Notes** provided after the task instruction provide useful information or helpful hints to complete the step.

13. In the Payment Method field, select the appropriate payment method for this supplier.



14. Save the record.



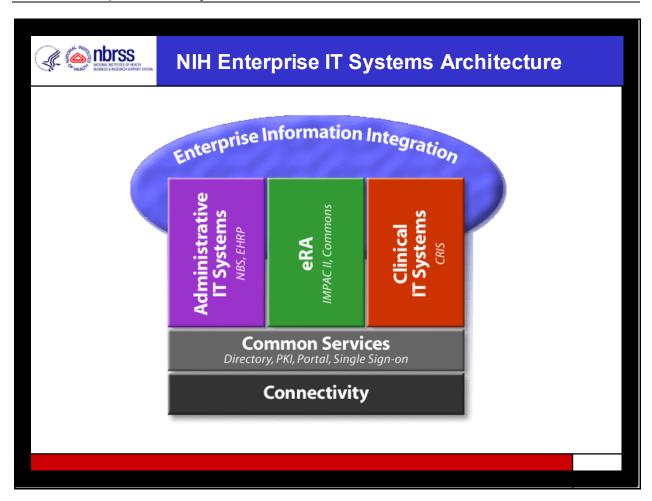


NBRSS Overview
Chapter 3

# NIH Business and Research Support System (NBRSS) Overview



# NIH Enterprise IT Systems Architecture

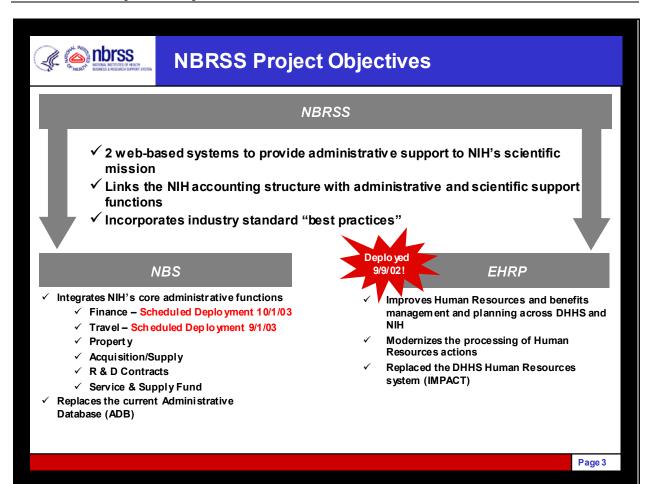




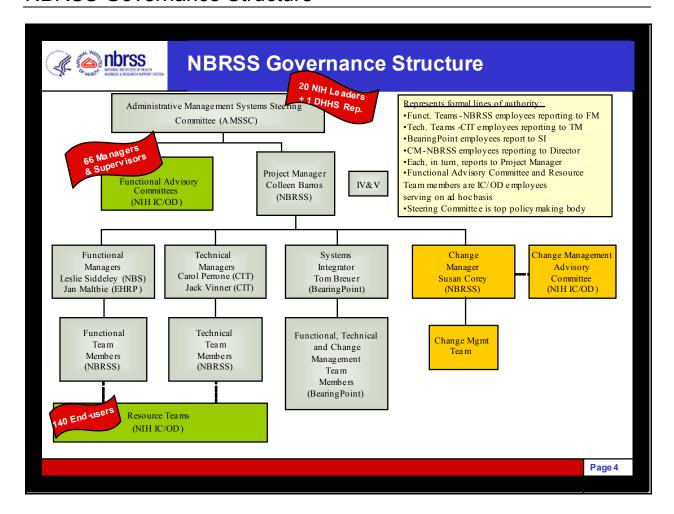
# NIH Business System (NBS) – How it all started

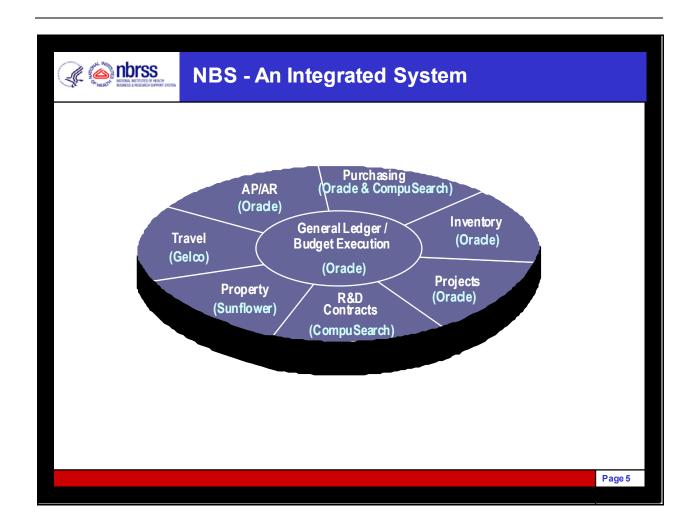
- ➤ Project began in FY 1999 with the development of a comprehensive business case to replace NIH's Administrative Data Base (ADB).
- ➤ ADB -- An integrated data base that services most of NIH's administrative and support functions.
  - Central Accounting, Accounts Payable, Travel, Property, Acquisitions/Supply, Contracts, and Service and Supply Fund activities.
  - Transactions feed the accounting system from the point of origin, i.e., procurement requisition, travel order, etc.
  - Used by about 5,000 NIH employees, most of whom are in the Intramural Research Program.
  - Processes approximately 150,000 transactions each day.
- Work groups comprised of 200 NIH employees helped with the NIH decision to go with a commercial Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) product.
- The challenge is not to design software but to adapt NIH business practices to the "best practices" embedded into the commercial ERP product.

# **NBRSS Project Objectives**



### **NBRSS Governance Structure**

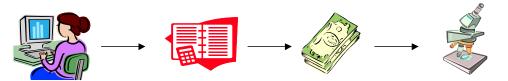






### **NBS - How it Works**

- Typically, transactions proceed horizontally across several administrative functions.
  - Administration uses the NBS to <u>purchase</u> a piece of equipment for a scientist.
  - In real time, this information automatically transmits to <u>finance</u> to check funds availability; obligate funds; and once the equipment is received, pay the bill.
  - Upon receipt this information automatically flows to property to track the equipment.



- Why an integrated system?
  - 目iminates multiple entries;
  - Minimizes the potential of errors;
  - Provides accurate reports; and
  - Birminates the expense and technical difficulty of linking together systems that are dedicated to individual functions.

### **Expected Benefits of the NBS**



### **Expected Benefits of the NBS**

- One integrated system, linking each of the major business functions, including human resources;
- Better integration and sharing of information within the organization;
- Improved managerial control and access to key data; and
- Improved financial statements and management reports across NIH, using the new Accounting Classification Structure (ACS).

#### Realities of the NBS



#### **Realities of the NBS**

- ➤ NBS replaces a dying system something had to be done. NBS offers a modern-day feel, but no system is perfect, and the NBS will not solve everything.
- ➤ NBS is not a proprietary system we're bound by the software, and customizations are costly.
- There will be a phased conversion period, so we will not experience the full functionality and benefits all at once. As pieces of the current system are shut down and the new system is set up, there will be disruption.
- The administrative, legal, and regulatory policies outside of the NBS remain.
- To reap the full benefits of the NBS, local IC policies and approval levels may need to be reevaluated.
- The NBS project is not operating independently it is influenced by various Department initiatives.

# Track 1 Activities: General Ledger/Budget



# Track 1 Activities: General Ledger/Budget

- NBS General Ledger replaces the CAS as the system of record
- ➤ New projects (former CANs) are created
- Budgets are entered based on the new accounting structure

### Sample Track 2 Activities: Travel



### Sample Track 2 Activities: Travel

#### NBS Travel System

 Enter, approve, and electronically route travel documents, such as authorizations and vouchers.

#### Accounts Payable

- Process pay ments to travelers and travel management centers for expenses entered in the NBS Travel System
- Maintain the database of travelers and banking information

#### Accounts Receivable

- Establish a list of sponsors that is referenced by the NBS Travel System
- Track amounts due from and paid by non-federal organizations that sponsor travel

#### Cash Management

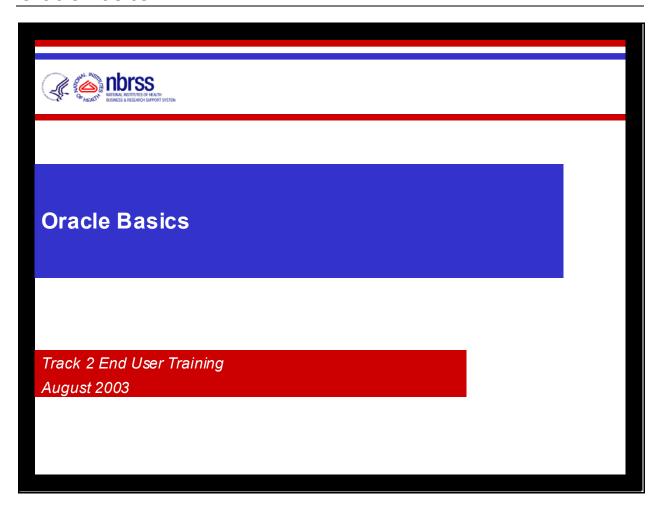
 Reconcile invoices from TMC files to expenses entered in the NBS Travel System and processed in Accounts Pay able

### General Ledger/Fed Admin

- Collect data from all financial subledgers
- Record in-kind contributes from sponsors
- Enter manual journal vouchers

Oracle Basics
Chapter 4

# **Oracle Basics**



# **Lesson Objectives**



# **Lesson Objectives**

In this lesson, you will learn how to:

- Access the NIH Portal to Log into Oracle
- Identify main areas of the Oracle windows
- Identify important toolbar buttons and menu paths
- Search for existing records
- Exit Oracle

# Accessing the NIH Portal



# **Accessing the NIH Portal**

In this lesson, you will learn how to:

### → Access the NIH Portal to log into Oracle

- Identify main areas of the Oracle windows
- Identify important toolbar buttons and menu paths
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### Accessing Oracle via the NIH Portal



# **Accessing Oracle via the NIH Portal**

- > Oracle is a web-based application available via the NIH Portal
- ➤ NIH Portal website: http://my.nih.gov
  - To Log on use your:
    - NIH Domain
    - User Name
    - Password
  - For assistance, contact NIH Help Desk at 6-HELP (301.496.4357)
- ➤ Add the Budget & Finance Community, which is the page where the Oracle application resides

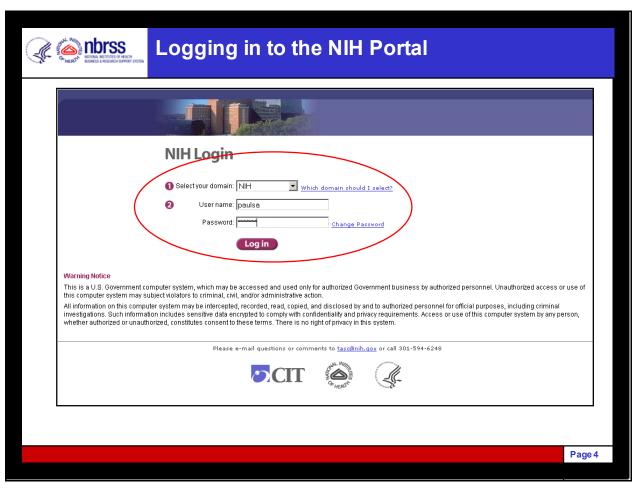
NBRSS Application Launcher

NBS Finance

Production
General Ledger, Fed Admin, Projects

> Select the **NBS Production** link to launch the application.

### Logging in to the NIH Portal

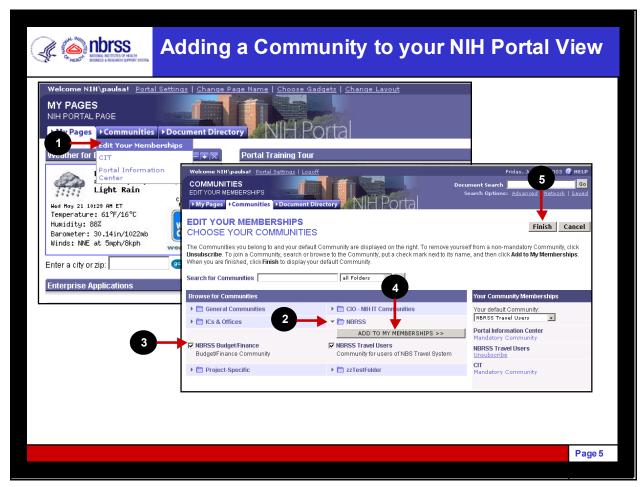


#### Follow the steps below to access the NBS Travel System application from the NIH Portal.

- Launch Internet Explorer. In the browser, navigate to the NIH Portal at http://my.nih.gov. (Note: If you need Internet Explorer installed on your computer, please contact the NIH Help Desk at 6-HELP (301-496-4357))
- Log onto the NIH Portal according to the steps listed below, using the account information you currently use to log on to Windows at your workstation.
  - Select your **domain** from the pull-down menu. (Hint: Use the "Which domain should I select? link for assistance.)
  - Enter your User Name.
  - Enter your **Password**.
  - Click the **Log in** button.

For Portal account and password assistance, contact the NIH Help Desk at 6-HELP (301-496-4357)

### Adding a Community to your NIH Portal View



What is a Portal Community and how do I subscribe to a Portal Community?

Portal Communities provide content, documents and application access to users who have a common area of interest. Once you subscribe to a community, it will appear in the list on your Communities tab every time you visit the NIH portal. Follow the steps below to subscribe to a community.

- 1. Click on the "Communities" tab and select "Edit Your Memberships".
- 2. **Locate a community** of interest either by clicking a folder to browse for communities or by entering a key word in the Search field and clicking "Go" to look for a specific community.
- 3. Once you locate a community of interest, **select it** by clicking in the box next to the community name.
- 4. Click "Add to my Memberships". (You may need to select your default community.)
- 5. Click "**Finish**". The subscribed community will now appear in the list on your "Communities" Tab every time you access the portal.



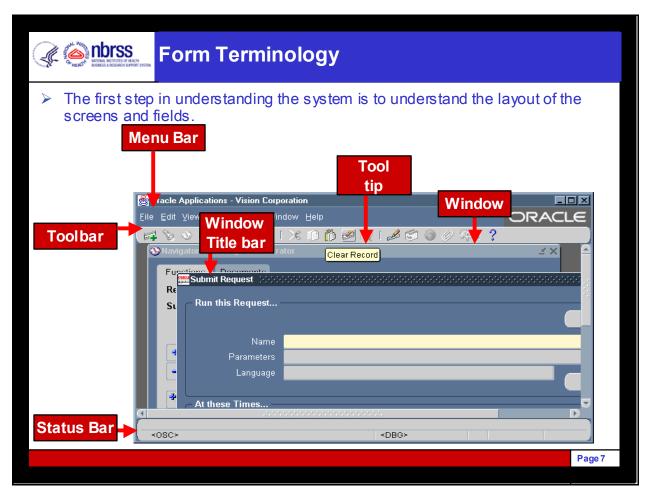
# Form Terminology

In this lesson, you will learn how to

Access the NIH Portal to Log into Oracle

### → Identify main areas of the Oracle windows

- Identify important toolbar buttons and menu paths
- Search for existing records
- Exit Oracle



#### Form Terminology

Oracle Applications Release 11*i* works specifically in a Web-enabled environment. It is important to understand the terminology of the components within an Oracle Applications form. Common terms used in Oracle Applications forms are listed below.

**Menu bar**—Use pull-down menus from this menu bar to navigate or perform actions within a form

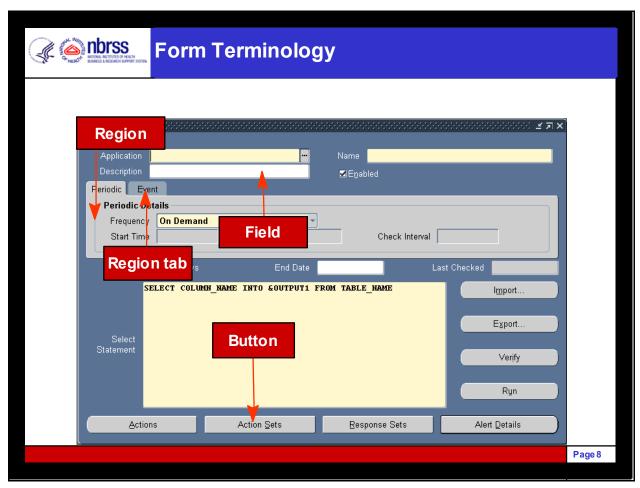
**Toolbar** – Use icons from the bar to navigate or perform actions within a form

**Window**—An area where the user interacts with an application (Many windows can be open at one time and you can access these "overlapping" windows to perform data entry or data search activities.)

**Window title bar**—Text in the title bar that indicates the name of the window, and usually, context information pertinent to the information in that window

**Tool tip**—Iconic bubble help that you can use to determine the function of a button on the toolbar. Appears when cursor is held over the icon.

**Status Bar** - The status line displays status information and pertinent information for processing your form.



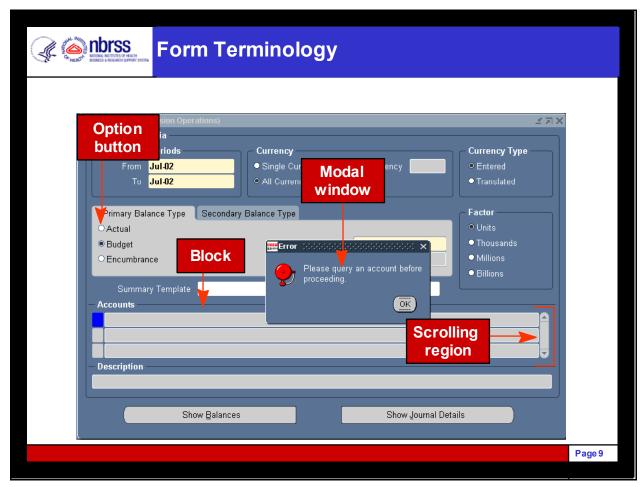
### Form Terminology (continued)

Region—A logical grouping of fields set apart from other fields by a box outline

**Region tab**—A collection of regions that occupy the same space in a window where only one region can be displayed at a time

Field—An area in a window that displays data or enables you to enter data

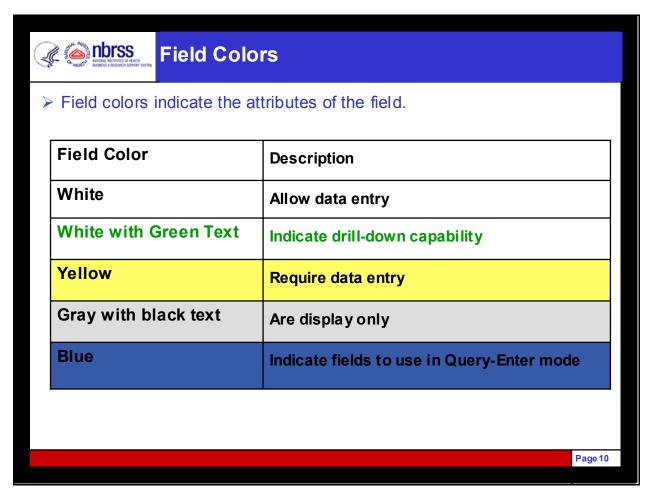
**Button**—A graphic element that initiates a predefined action when you click it



#### Form Terminology (continued)

**Option button**—A button that indicates an individual selection is available within an option group

**Modal window**—A window that requires you to act on its content *before continuing* **Scrolling region**—A region, containing a scroll bar, in which to view other fields **Block**—An area of information relative to a specific business function or entity



#### **What Field Colors Indicate**

Each block contains fields you use to enter, view, update, or delete information. A field prompt describes each field by telling you what kind of information appears in the field or what kind of information you should enter in the field. Fields are color coded to indicate their type as follows:

White Fields—allow data entry

White Fields with Green Text—indicate drill-down capability

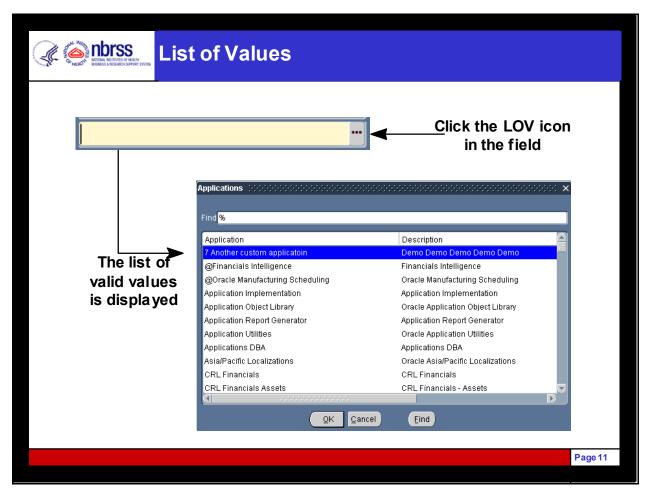
**Yellow Fields**—require data entry

**Gray Fields with Black Text**—are display-only

**Blue Fields**—indicate fields to use in Query-Enter mode

The term field generally refers to a text field, an area in a window that either displays data or allows you to enter data. However, a field can also include a button, check box, option group, or poplist.

### List of Values

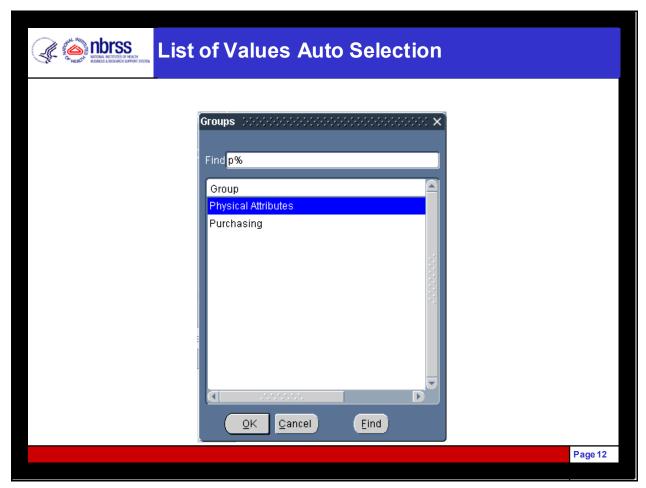


#### Using the LOV

The List of Values (LOV) feature is very useful while entering data in Oracle Applications. It provides you with a powerful, easy-to-use data entry method that increases your accuracy and productivity. Using the LOV makes data entry an easy task for novice users, and experienced users can enter correct data with a minimum number of keystrokes.

Oracle Applications notifies you when a list of acceptable input values is available for a field by displaying the LOV icon in the field. When you display a list, the values appear in a window with a title that describes the contents.

By using the LOV feature, you can save time and enter data quickly without having to memorize or look up valid data for each field. You can choose data from an online list of valid input choices whenever you want. Additionally, you are relying on Oracle Applications to validate your input since you will know right away if your entry does not match an option from the LOV.



#### AutoSelection

Using the **LOV** feature called AutoSelection you can select a valid name from the list with a single keystroke. When you display the list window, you can type the first character of the name you want in the **Find** field. If only one choice begins with the character you enter, AutoSelection selects the choice, closes the list window, and enters the value in the appropriate field.

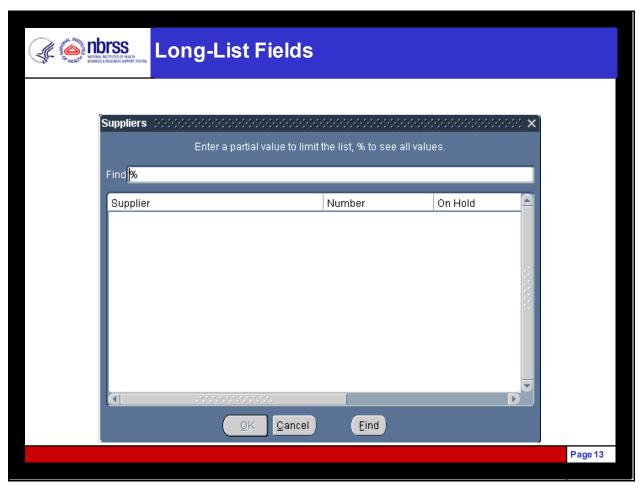
#### **List Search**

You can use the AutoReduction feature to reduce a list when you know the first few characters of your name selection. If you do not know the initial characters of your choice, but do know that your choice contains a certain word or set of characters, you can perform a list search to reduce a list.

In the list window, enter any group of characters as search criterion in the Find field and click the Find button. You can use wildcard characters such as the percent sign (%) which represents any number of characters, or an underline (\_), which represents a single character in your search criterion.

For example, to reduce a list to only those choices that contain the phrase "schedule," you would type %schedule% in the Find field and click Find. In any of these list search queries, it does not

matter whether you use uppercase or lowercase letters as the search is not case sensitive. Oracle searches all of the columns in the list.



#### **Long-List Fields**

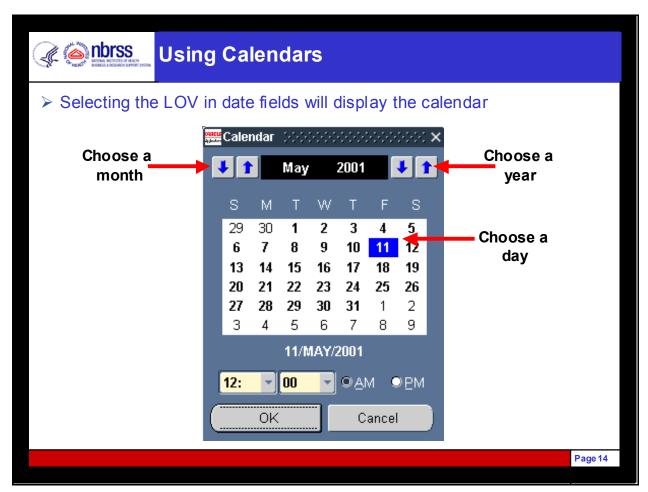
If a field has a "long-list"—that is, a list of more than 100 values—when you try to display the LOV, Oracle Applications will display a window where you can enter list reduction criteria.

Because it takes less time to display a reduced list than a complete long-list, Oracle Applications prompts you to enter the first few characters that occur in your value of interest to reduce the complete list. However, to view the entire long-list, enter the percent sign (%) at the prompt and all of the values will be displayed.

Note: To avoid excessive network traffic and reduced performance, try to enter specific criteria, other than just a percent sign (%), whenever possible.

#### **Power List**

The Power List feature provides an even faster method of data entry. If a field displays a List icon and you know the value you want, simply enter the first few characters of the value in the field and press [Tab]. Power List will complete the entry for you. You can also include wildcard characters with your entry. You do not need to display the list window. If more than one value matches the characters you specify, a list window containing those values is displayed. If no values match the characters you enter, a list window containing all the values appears.



#### **Choosing a Date in the Calendar Window**

Values in a date field can be typed directly or you can use a calendar to enter a valid value in a date field if the field displays the **LOV** icon. If your date field supports time, you can also use the Calendar window to choose a valid time with the date.

- 1. Put your cursor in a date field.
- 2. Click the List icon to display the Calendar window. The date value that appears below the calendar is called the *selected date*, which is either the value already in the field, the default value of the field, or the current system date.
- 3. Click on a date.

Note: Disabled buttons that show dimmed text represent invalid days, which cannot be chosen. Similarly, if a date field is display only, you can display the Calendar window for the field, but you cannot change the date shown on the calendar.

- 4. Click OK to accept the selected date and close the window.
- 5. Click Cancel if you want to close the window without choosing a date.

# **Application Toolbar**

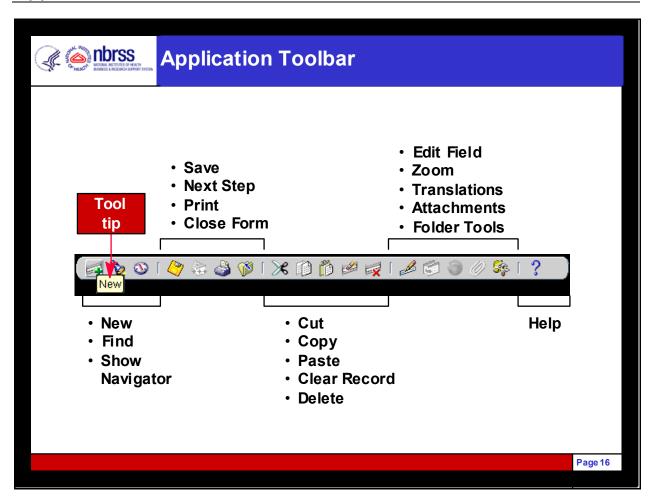


# **Application Toolbar**

In this lesson, you will learn how to

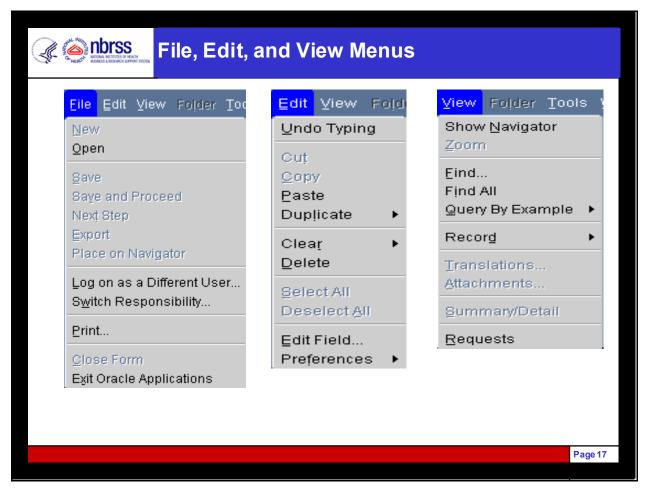
- Access the NIH Portal to Log into Oracle
- Identify main areas of the Oracle windows
- → Identify important toolbar buttons and menu paths
- Search for existing records
- Exit Oracle

### **Application Toolbar**



#### Using the Toolbar

The toolbar is a collection of iconic buttons, where each button performs a specific action when you choose it. Each toolbar button replicates a commonly-used menu bar item. Depending on the context of the current field or window, a toolbar button can be enabled or disabled. You can display help or a tool tip for an enabled toolbar button by holding your mouse over the button.



#### M > File

**Save**—Saves any pending changes in the active form.

**Save and Proceed**—Saves any pending changes in the active form and advances to the next record.

**Export**—Exports information in your current form to a browser.

**Switch Responsibility**—Allows you to change the responsibility in effect for your current log on

**Print**...—Prints your current window.

Close Form—Closes all windows of the current form.

Exit Oracle Applications—Quits Oracle Applications.

#### M > Edit

**Undo Typing**—Undoes any typing done in a field before the field is exited and returns the field to the most recent value.

**Clear Record**—Erases the current record from the window.

Clear

Field—Clears the data from the current field.

**Block**—Erases all records from the current block.

Form—Erases any pending changes from the current form.

**Select All**—Selects all records (for blocks with multi-select).

M > View

**Show Navigator**—Displays the Navigator window.

Find All—Retrieves all records.

**Requests**—Displays the Request window.

# Searching for Existing Records



# **Searching for Existing Records**

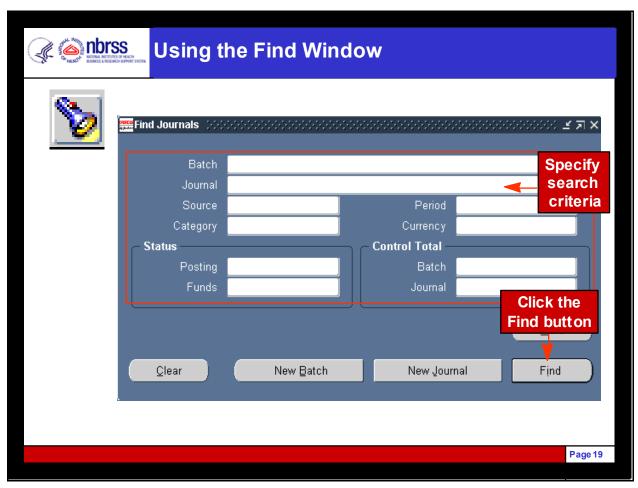
In this lesson, you will learn how to

- Access the NIH Portal to Log into Oracle
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### → Search for existing records

Exit Oracle

### Using the Find Window



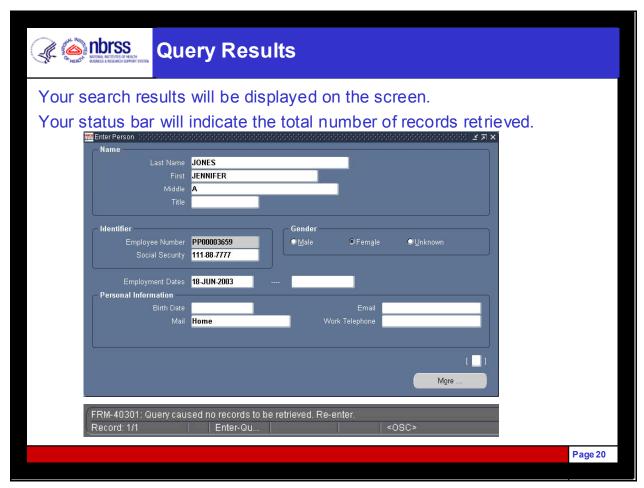
#### **Using the Find Window**

- 1. (M) View > Find or click the Find icon on the toolbar.
- 2. Enter your available search criteria in the appropriate fields of the Find window.

If a field does not provide a list of values for you to choose from, you can enter wildcard characters (% and \_) in the search phrase. You cannot, however, use query operators (such as >, <, and so on) in a Find window.

- 3. Click the Find button to find any matching records.
- 4. Click the Clear button to clear the current search criteria from the Find window so you can enter new search criteria.
- 5. Click the New button to enter a new record in your current block if your search finds no matching records. Not all windows support this.

### **Query Results**



#### **Reviewing Your Data**

After a search, Oracle Applications retrieves any records that matched your search criteria. Always enter the most selective search criteria that you can.

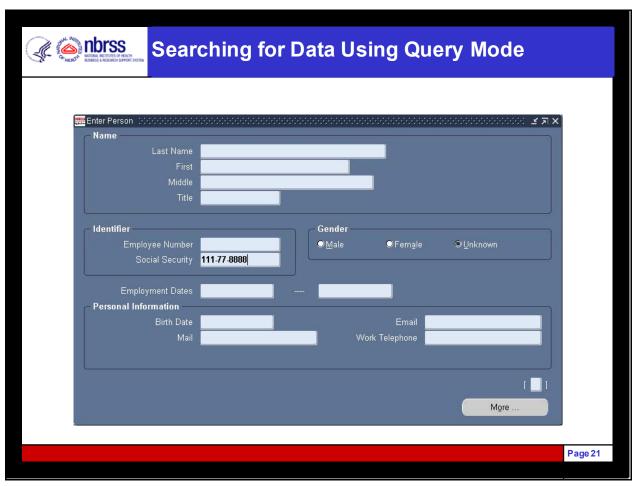
#### **How to Review Retrieved Records**

Use the scroll bar or the down arrow on your keyboard to view additional records currently not visible on the screen in a multirecord block.

- (M) View > Record First to see the first record.
- (M) View > Record Last to see the last record.

**Note:** Scrolling through records and using the Record Last command uses significant system resources. Avoid this by entering selective search criteria.

# Searching for Data Using Query Mode



- 1. Select the **F11** key (Fields turn blue)
- 2. Enter your search criteria, using % wildcard
- 3. Select the Ctrl + F11 keys
- 4. Review the retrieved records

# **Exiting Oracle**

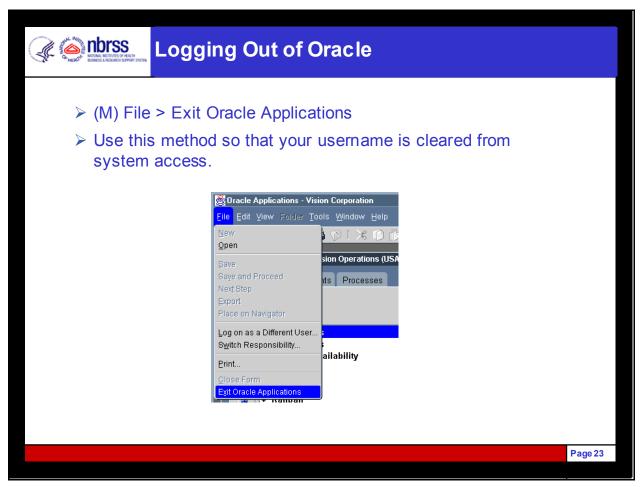


# **Exiting Oracle**

In this lesson, you will learn how to

- Access the NIH Portal to Log into Oracle
- Identify main areas of the Oracle windows
- Identify important toolbar buttons and menu paths
- Search for existing records
- **→** Exit Oracle

### Logging Out of Oracle



#### **Exiting Oracle Applications**

(M) File > Exit Oracle Applications, to log off the system. It is important to exit the system in this manner, rather than any other, as this is the only way to ensure that your user name is cleared from system access.

# Logging Out of Oracle



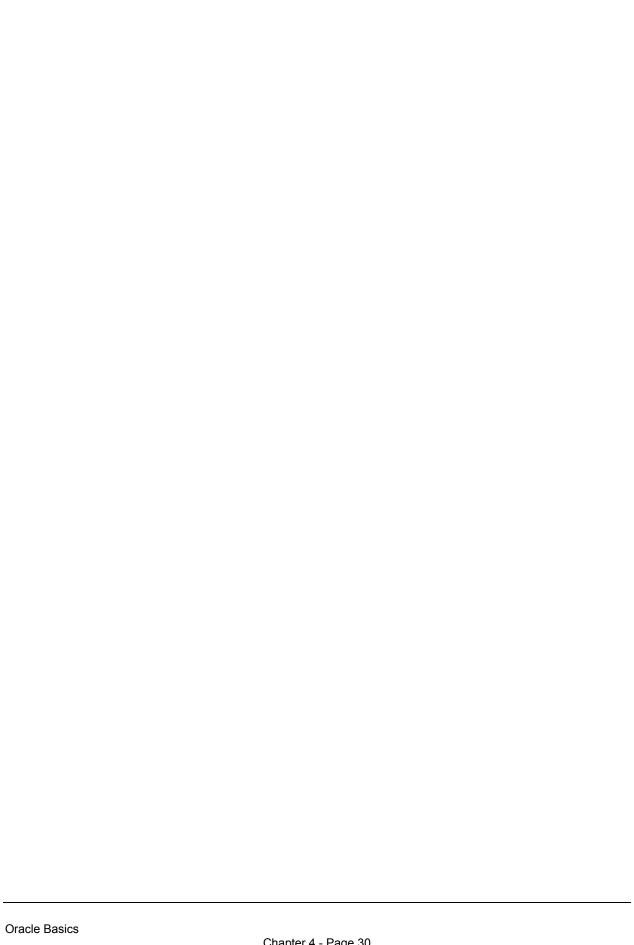
# **Lesson Summary**



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In this lesson, you learned how to

- Access the NIH Portal to Log into Oracle
- Identify main areas of the Oracle windows
- Identify important toolbar buttons and menu paths
- Search for existing records
- Exit Oracle

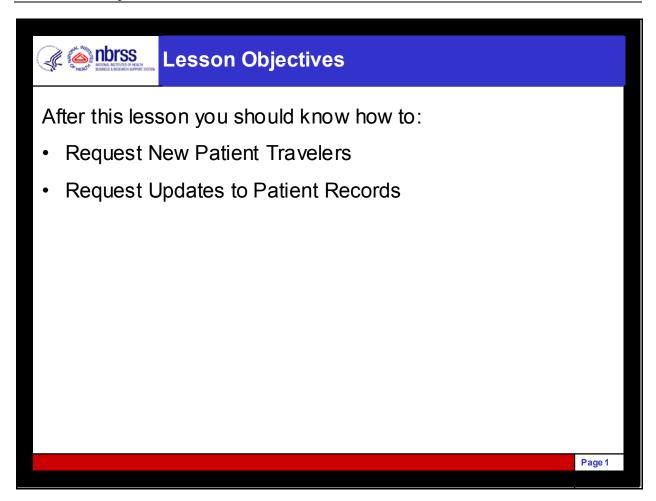


Entering New Phoenix Patient Travelers Chapter 5

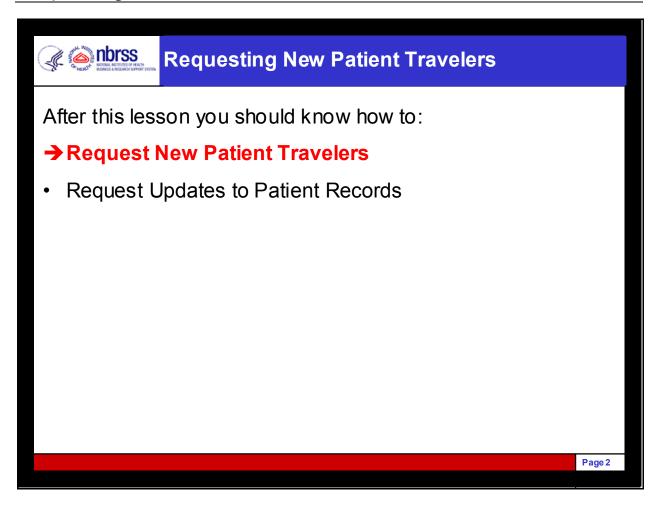
# **Entering New Phoenix Patient Travelers**



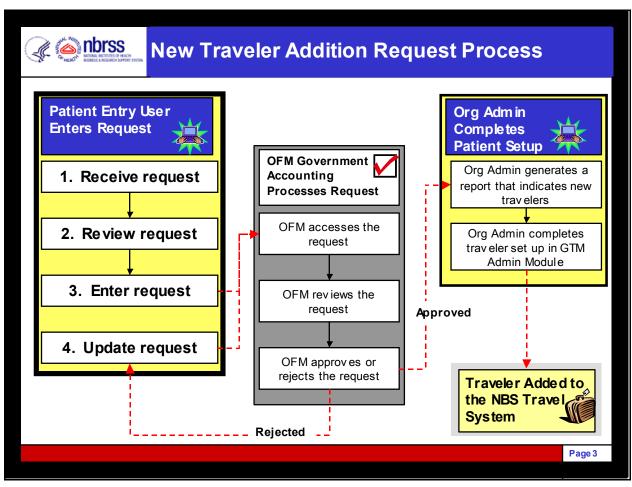
# **Lesson Objectives**



# Requesting New Patient Travelers



### Option 3: Oracle Extension



- This process is very similar to the EIN request process currently used at the NIH.
- Once the Phoenix Patient Entry User enters and saves the request in the NBS, the OFM Government Accounting department will receive an email notification that a request has been submitted.
- OFM will review the request and either approve or reject the request, indicating the reason why the request has been rejected. If OFM has questions for you prior to approving or rejecting the request, they may email or call you directly.
- You will be notified of OFM's official decision through email.

### Search NBS for Existing Records



If a new traveler request is received for an individual who exists in the NBS, inform the requestor and request that they use the existing record if applicable.

### Searching for Existing Records



Use the Query Mode method of searching for existing records in the NBS.

- Press the F11 key and the fields turn blue
- Enter your search criteria
  - The first and last name (Use the % wildcard for partial values) OR
  - The social security number
- Press Ctrl + F11 keys to execute the search

Search in a few different ways to ensure that the record does not exist.

Look to your status bar for your query results.

To exit query mode, select the F4 key.

### Searching for Employees

NIH Payables Manual Vendor Entry User

N > Employees > Enter Employees

**Enter Person** 

NIH Phoenix Patient Entry User

NIH Baltimore Patient Entry User

NIH Clinical Center Patient Entry User

NIH Non Affiliates Entry User

N > Enter Person

**Enter Person** 



1. Press the **F11** key to enter query mode.

Result: The fields turn blue.

- 2. Enter the search criteria.
  - Enter the individual's social security number in the **Social Security** field. Be sure to use the correct format (NNN-NN-NNNN)

• Enter the individual's last name, using % wildcard.

Example: Below is a sample screen.



3. Press the **Ctrl** + **F11** keys to execute the query.

<u>Result</u>: The records that match your query criteria will be displayed or the status bar will read "Query caused no records to be retrieved. Re-Query"

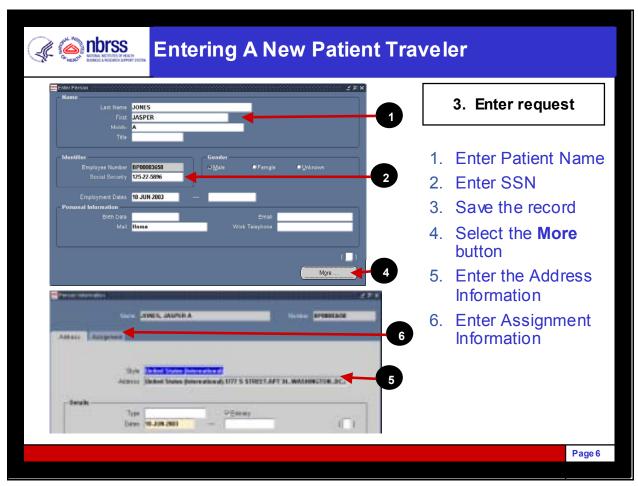
If you would like to re-query the record, goto task #2.

If no records were found and you want to stop searching, goto task #4. Otherwise, end of activity.

4. Press the **F4** key to exit query mode.

End of activity.

## **Entering A New Patient Traveler**



Once you determine that this is a new patient, you will enter the request in the **Enter Person** form.

A system-generated employee number will be assigned.

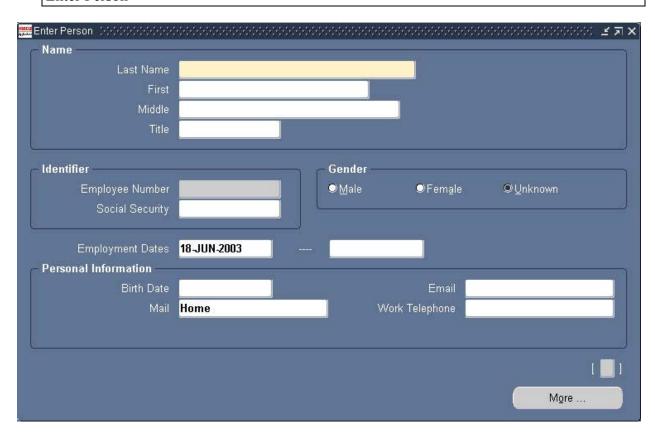
The employee number for Phoenix Patients will begin with PP.

### **Entering a New Phoenix Patient Traveler Request**

NIH Phoenix Patient Entry User

N > Enter Person

**Enter Person** 



- 1. Enter the patient's last name in the **Last Name** field.
- 2. Tab to the **First** field and enter the patient's first name.

Result: The **Employee Number** field will be populated with a value beginning with "PP".

3. In the **Social Security** number field enter the patient's social security number.

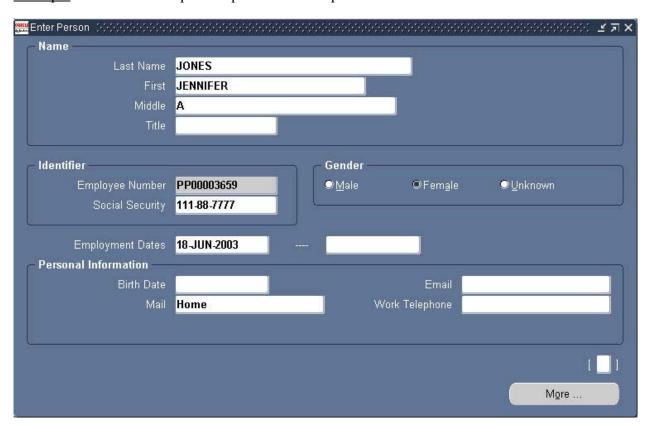
<u>Important</u>: If the patient does not have a social security number, leave this field blank. In addition, request a pseudo social security number from OFM through the **Preparer Comments** field described in Step 11.

- 4. In the **Gender** block, select the gender of the patient.
- 5. Enter the following in the **Personal Information** block:

Note: These fields are optional.

Field	Description
Birth Date	Enter the patient's birth date
Mail	Select <b>Home</b> or <b>Office</b> from the <b>LOV</b>
E-mail	Enter the patient's email address
Work Telephone Number	Enter the patient's work telephone number

Example: Below is a sample completed Phoenix patient form.

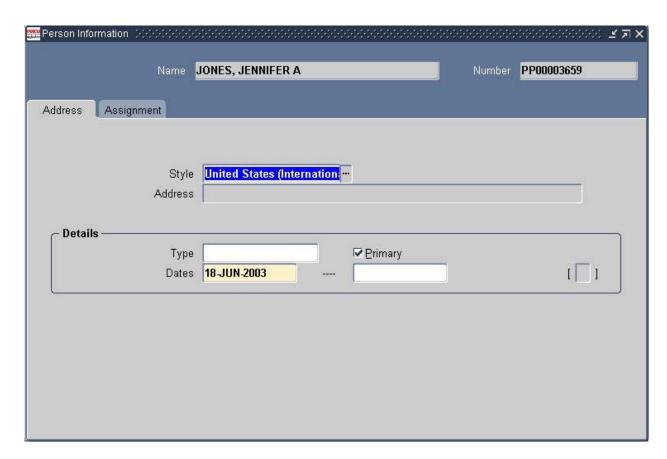


6. Save your changes.

<u>Note</u>: You must save the record before proceeding to the next step or the system will stop you.

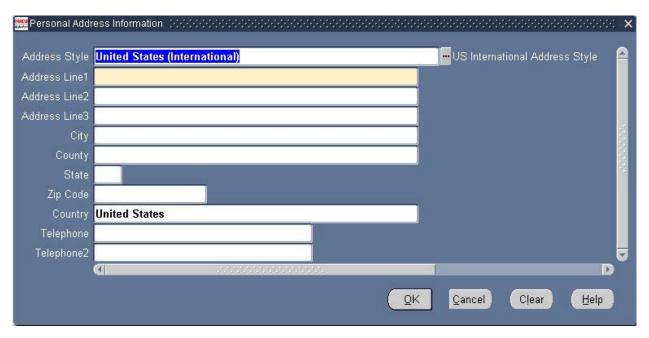
7. Select the **More** button.

**Result**: The **Person Information** window is displayed.



8. Place your cursor in the **Address** field.

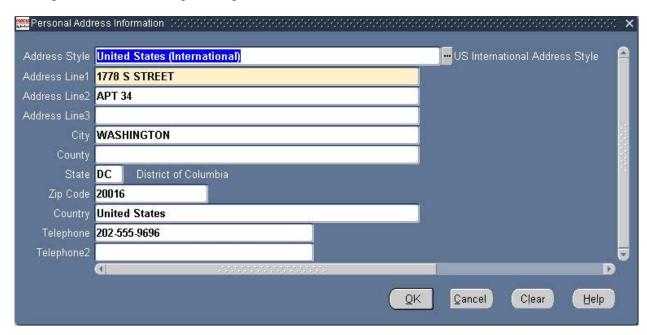
<u>Result</u>: The **Personal Address Information** window is displayed.



9. Enter the patient's address and telephone information as described below.

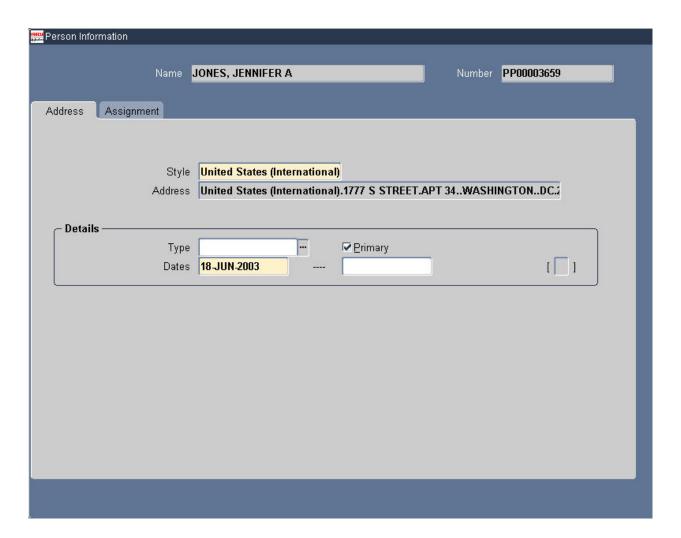
Field	Description	
Address Style	Defaults to United States (International)	
Address Line1	Enter the street address of the person	
Address Line2	Enter additional street address information	
Address Line3	Enter additional street address information	
City	Enter the city information	
County	Enter the county information	
State	Select the state information from the LOV	
Zip Code	Enter the zip code	
Country	Select a country from the <b>LOV</b>	
Telephone	Enter a telephone number for the person	
Telephone2	Enter an alternative telephone number for the person	

**Example**: Below is a sample completed **Personal Address Information** form.



### 10. Select the **OK** button.

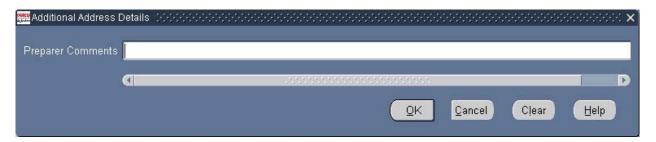
<u>Result</u>: You are returned to the **Person Information** window.



If you want to include additional comments to be displayed with your request, goto task #11. Otherwise, goto task #14.

11. Place your cursor in the **Flexfield** [] located within the **Details** block.

Result: The Additional Address Details window is displayed.



12. In the **Preparer Comments** field, enter additional comments on this record.

### Notes:

The comments will be displayed in the email notification to OFM.

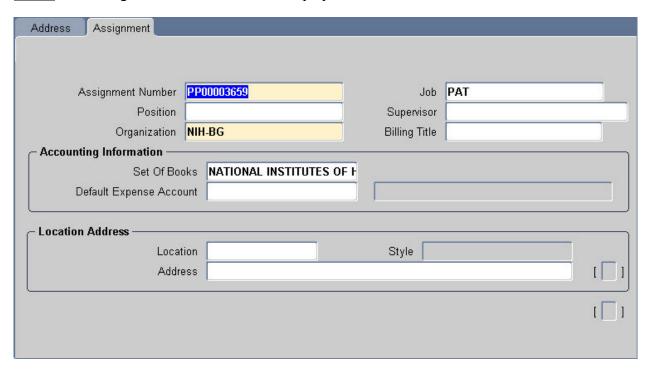
- If the patient does not have a SSN, then request a pseudo SSN number in this field.

### 13. Select the **OK** button.

<u>Result</u>: The **Additional Address Details** window closes and you are returned to the **Person Information** window.

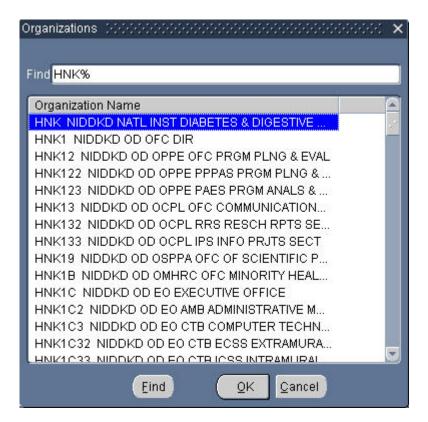
14. Select the **Assignment** region tab.

Result: The assignment-related fields are displayed.



15. In the **Organization** field, delete "NIH-BG" and type "HNK".

Result: An LOV window will appear with a list of values.



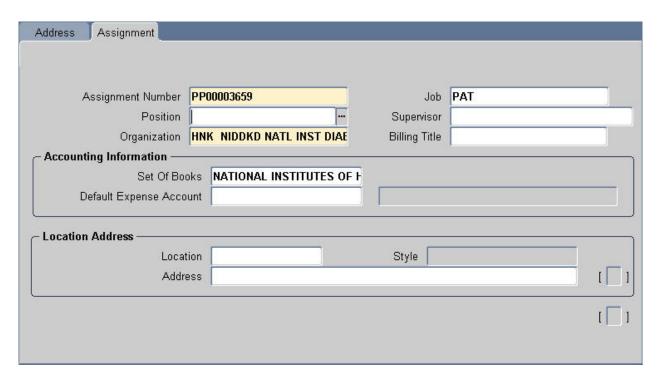
#### 16. Select the **OK** button.

<u>Result</u>: The value "HNK NIDDKD NATL INST DIABETES & DIGESTIVE & KIDNEY DISEASES" will appear in the **Organization** field.



### 17. In the **Job** field, enter "**PAT**"

Example: Below is a sample completed **Assignment** region.



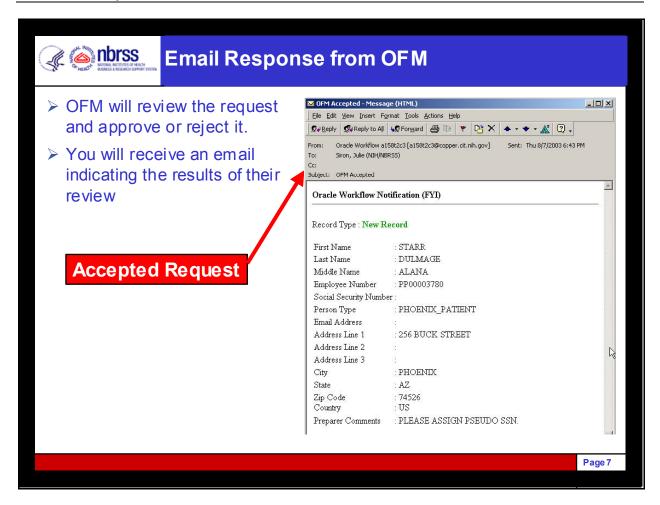
- 18. Save your work.
- 19. Close the **Person Information** window.

**<u>Result</u>**: The **Enter Person** window is displayed.

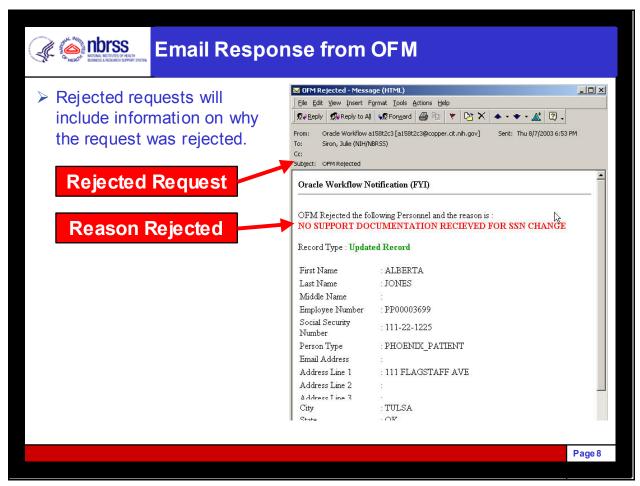


End of activity.		

## Email Response from OFM



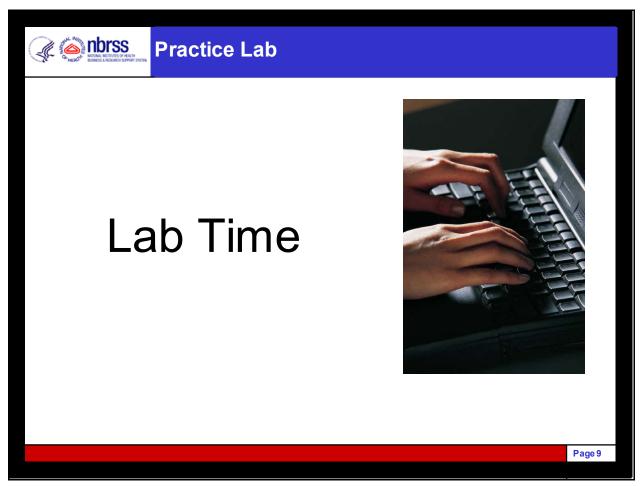
## **Email Response from OFM**



If the request is rejected by OFM, review the comments listed in the body of the email to determine the next course of action.

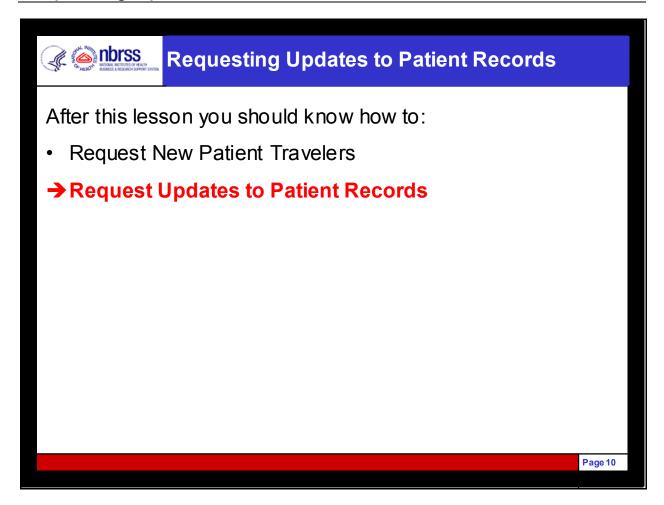
If a duplicative record has been found in the NBS, then request your organization administrator review the record.

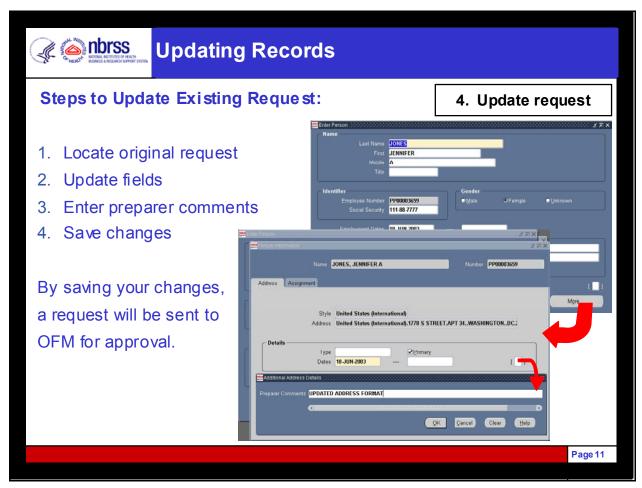
If OFM requests additional information or a change to the format, then update the request to submit it for OFM's approval again.



Complete <u>Lab 1: Requesting a New Patient Traveler</u>

# Requesting Updates to Patient Records





### **Important:**

You must enter the reason for your change in the Preparer Comments field when requesting an update to the record.

If you do not do so, the update request may not be sent or OFM may reject the request.

# Modifying New Traveler Requests

NIH Baltimore Patient Entry User

N > Enter Person

**Enter Person** 

NIH Phoenix Patient Entry User

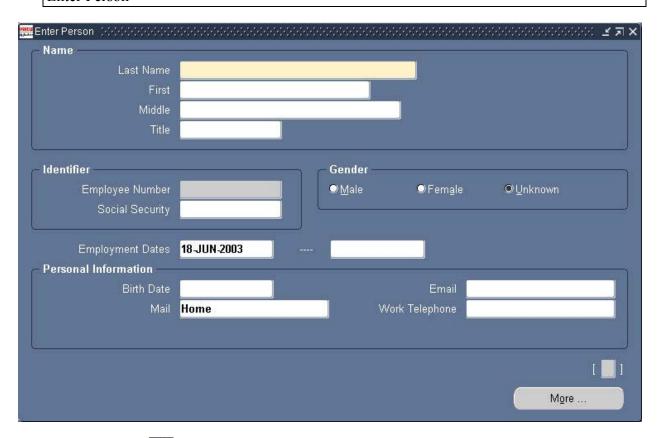
N > Enter Person

**Enter Person** 

NIH Non Affiliates Entry User

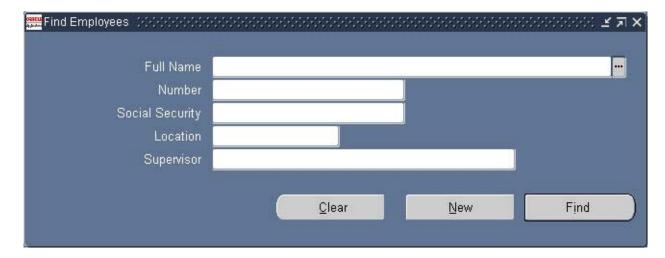
N > Enter Person

**Enter Person** 



1. Select the **Find** button from the applications toolbar.

Result: The **Find Employees** window is displayed.

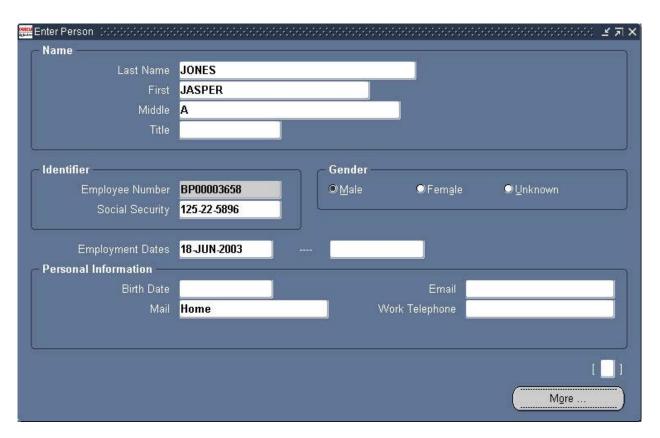


2. Enter the search criteria as described below:

Field	Description
Full Name	Select the person's full name from the LOV
Number	Enter the employee number or select it from the <b>LOV</b> .
Social Security	Enter the person's social security number or select it from
	the LOV.
Location	Enter the person's location or select it from the <b>LOV</b> .
Supervisor	The NIH currently does not use this field.

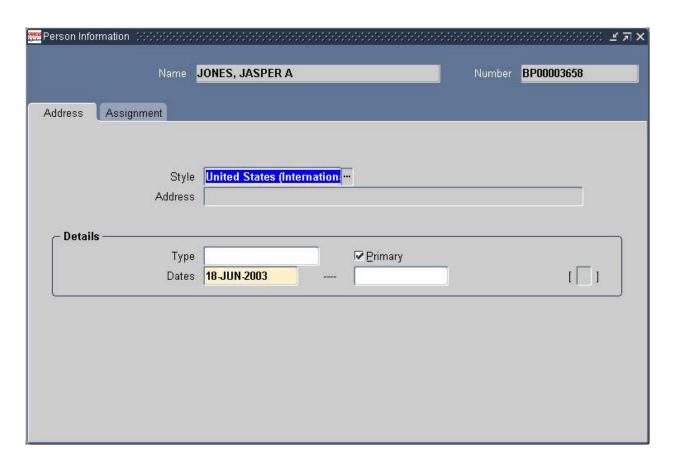
### 3. Select the **Find** button.

Result: The record is displayed.



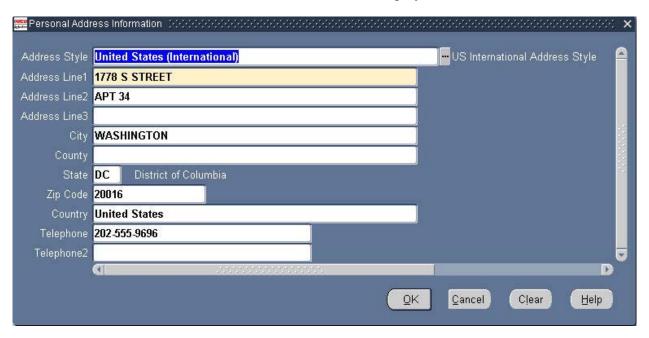
- 4. Modify the information on the **Enter Person** window as necessary.
- 5. Save your work.
- 6. Select the **More** button.

Result: The **Person Information** window is displayed.



7. Place your cursor in the **Address** field.

**Result**: The **Personal Address Information** window is displayed.

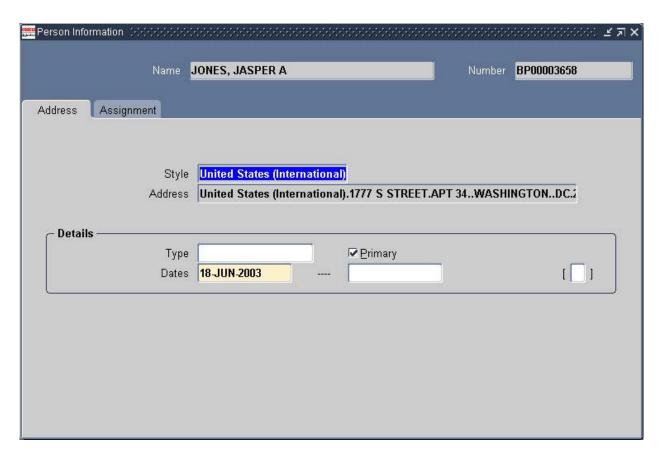


8. Modify the traveler's address and telephone information as described below.

Field	Description	
Address Style	Defaults to United States (International)	
Address Line1	Enter the street address of the person	
Address Line2	Enter additional street address information	
Address Line3	Enter additional street address information	
City	Enter the city information	
County	Enter the county information	
State	Select the state information from the LOV	
Zip Code	Enter the zip code	
Country	Select a country from the <b>LOV</b>	
Telephone	Enter a telephone number for the person	
Telephone2	Enter an alternative telephone number for the person	

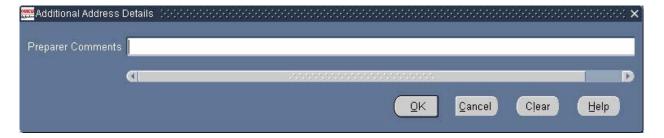
### 9. Select the **OK** button.

Result: You are returned to the **Person Information** window.



10. Place your cursor in the **Flexfield** [] located within the **Details** block.

Result: The Additional Address Details window is displayed.



11. In the **Preparer Comments** field, enter additional comments on this record.

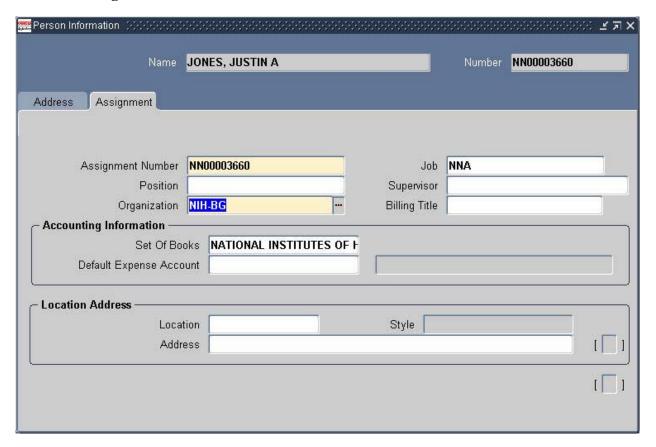
### Notes:

- Describe the changes made to the traveler record.
- The comments will be displayed in the email notification to OFM.
- If the patient does not have a SSN, then request a pseudo SSN number in this field.
- 12. Select the **OK** button.

<u>Result</u>: The **Additional Address Details** window closes and you are returned to the **Person Information** window.

If changes to the organization are required, goto task #13. Otherwise, goto task #15.

13. Select the **Assignment** tab.



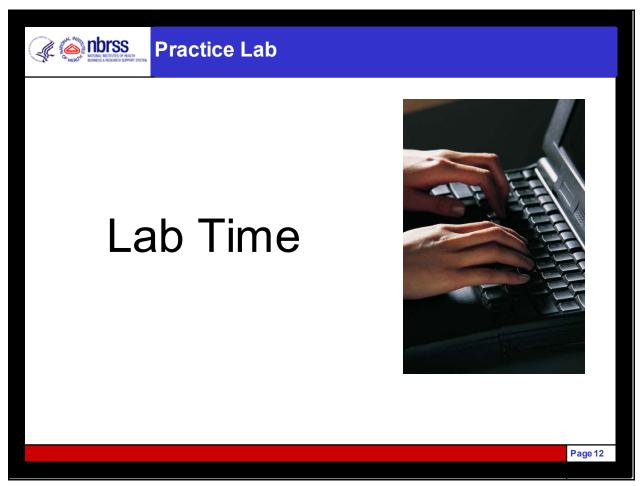
14. Tab to the **Organization** field and use the **LOV** to locate the correct organization.

- 15. Save your work.
- 16. Close the **Person Information** window.

Result: The Enter Person window is displayed.

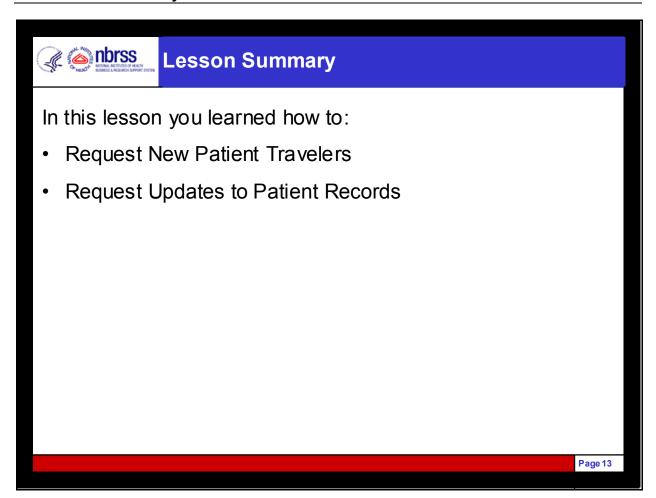


End of activity.



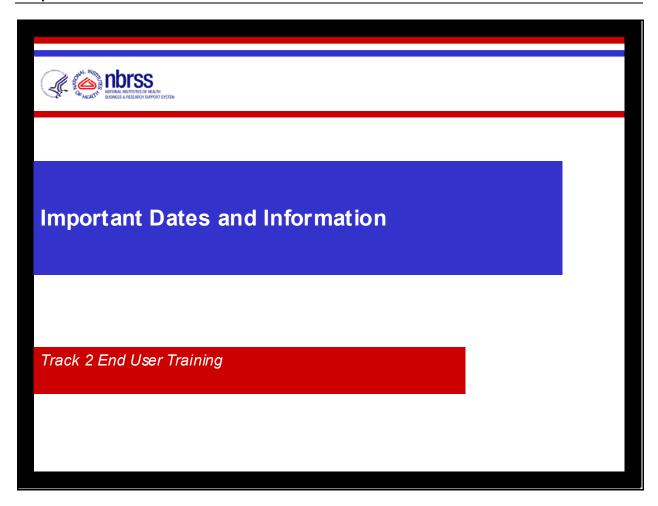
Complete <u>Lab 2</u>: <u>Updating an Existing Request</u>.

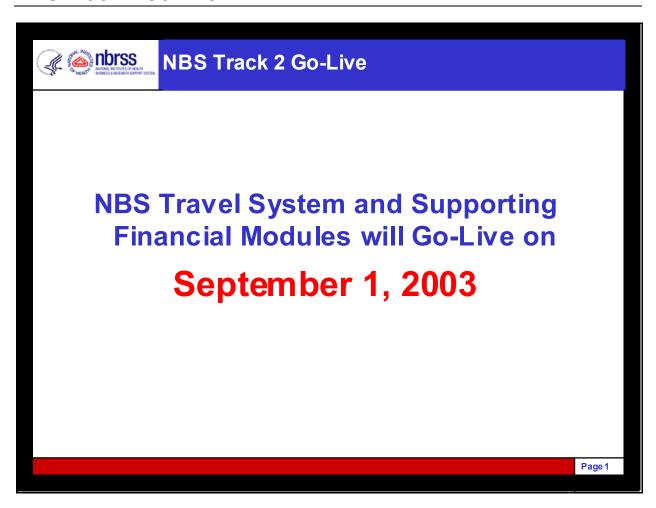
# **Lesson Summary**



Important Dates and Information
Chapter 6

# Important Dates and Information





## Initial Oracle Set Up Required



# Initial Oracle Set Up Required

The first time you log into the NBS, you will be required to:

- Download Oracle J-Initiator and
- Update your internet browser security settings

Refer to the technical guidance provided on the NBS Technical website:http://nbs.nih.gov/technical.html

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## **NBS Travel Support Resources**



# **NBS Travel Support Resources**

- ➤ NBS Travel Web links available 24/7
  - NBS Oracle Online Help and Reference: http://nbs.nih.gov/training.html
- ➤ NIH Portal Support
  - Phone NIH Help Desk at 6-HELP (301.496.4357)
  - Portal website address: http://my.nih.gov
- ➤ NBS Customer Support
  - Phone: Call 5-NBS7 (301.435.6277)
  - E-mail: Send e-mail to tasc@NIH.gov
  - Web Request for Support: Submit to: http://support.cit.nih.gov
- > nVision
  - nVision is an evolution of the NIH Data Warehouse, and it is the new reporting system designed to work in concert with the NBS. nVision is a business intelligence system that delivers NIH-defined standard reports and facilitates the development of user-created ad hoc reports to support decision-making and analysis. The first NBS module to be supported by nVision is Trav el.
  - E-mail: Send e-mail to nVisionSupport@nih.gov
  - Web Site for information: http://nvision.nih.gov

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## Evaluation

